

ANOTHER WAY TO MAKE BUSSINESS: THE SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

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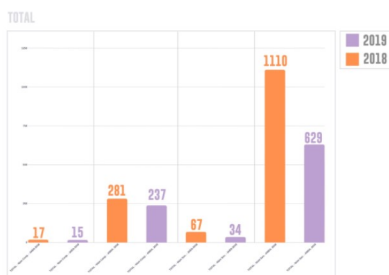
INTRODUCTION

Both **entrepreneurship** and **social economy** are a very relevant part of economy. We can watch and listen in TV and other media that social economy is changing the world into a best one because it focus on well balanced economy growth, equality and care for the environment. **How is the situation of this kind of economy in our country, region and province?**

METHODOLOGY

1. Teachers introduced us in **elements of social economy** and oriented us in define **our field of research**.
2. We have focused on **cooperatives** and **labor societies** because they are a well-defined company's structure in opposition to new "sharing economy".
3. Define the elements of observation: number of societies, number of members, sector of business and geographical elements.
4. Analyze information provided by spanish Labour and Social economy Department.
5. Data observation between 2018 and 2019 and **geographical observation**: Spain, Andalusia and Jaén.
6. Share results and try to **reach conclusions**.

RESEARCH RESULTS



Analyzing **cooperatives** we realize that the **sector that has grown** the most is **services**, however the sector that **has fallen** the most is **agriculture**, both in the two years that we have analyzed.

Regarding **labor societies**, there has been a **great decrease** in the number registered both in Andalusia (1,110 > 639) and in Jaén (67 > 34). The societies that have remained at the top are: housing, agriculture, associated work, consumers and users and service.

CONCLUSIONS

We conclude the social economy is a **decisive element of actual economy**. Both cooperatives and labor societies had been experimented **great changes** in Spain, Andalusia and Jaén in particular. We have noticed difficulties in searching information and this could be essential in changing times. We have noticed three elements:

In general, there were more partnerships and partners in 2018 than in 2019, as they started to decline during the second quarter of 2018. In both 2018 and 2019, **the service sector is the largest, followed by industry and construction**.

Generally speaking, the most notable change is the **fall in the service sector and in all sectors in general**, although the service sector continues to be in first place. In the years 2018 and 2019 Galicia was the community with more cooperatives and labour companies next to Madrid, which was below followed by Castilla y León in 2018 but replaced by Asturias in 2019.

1. **Service sector** (in cooperatives and labor societies) is the growest.
2. **Cooperatives** and **labor societies** tend to reduce their number of members.
3. There is a great need for the **economical institutions** and **companies** share quality information in order to take best decisions.

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